



CiC, Adopted & SGO Policy

A decorative graphic at the bottom of the page consists of several overlapping, wavy bands of color. From top to bottom, the colors are yellow, teal, and dark blue, creating a layered, wave-like effect that spans the width of the page.

Policy Details

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CEO Signature	Angela Ransby
Trust Board Signature	Alan Whittaker

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1. What does being a 'Child in Care' mean?

For the purpose of school admission, a child in care is (a) in the care of an English local authority or (b) being provided with accommodation by such a local authority in the exercise of its social services functions (see section 22(1) of the Children's Act 1989) DfE, Feb 2018.

The child could be an unaccompanied asylum seeker, with no responsible adult to care for them.

They might be living:

- with foster parents
- at home with their parents under the supervision of social services
- in residential children's homes
- other residential settings like schools or secure units

They might have been placed in care voluntarily by parents struggling to cope or, children's services may have intervened because a child was at significant risk of harm.

A child will stop being 'looked after' when they are either adopted, returned home or turn 18. The local authority will continue to support children leaving care at 18 until they reach 21.

2. What is adoption?

Adoption is a permanent, legal arrangement in which parental responsibility for a child passes to their adoptive parents. It provides children who cannot be brought up by their birth family with a new home and family.

3. What is the definition of a previously looked after child?

A previously looked after child is a child adopted from the care of an English local authority under the Adoption Act 1976 or the Adoption and Children's Act 2002 or who, immediately after being looked after by an English local authority, became the subject of a special guardianship or child arrangements order and are still subject to such orders (DfE Feb 2018).

4. What is a special guardianship order (SGO)?

The Adoption and Children Act 2002 introduced Special Guardianship as a means of providing children and young people with a permanent placement that does not end the legal relationship between the child and his/her birth parents. If appropriate, children under a Special Guardianship Order (SGO) may continue to have links with their birth parents. Special Guardians can be members of the extended family or someone else deemed appropriate by the local authority. SGO is not as secure as adoption but is intended to be a permanent placement.

These children and young people may struggle with:

SEN

Children in care and previously in care are significantly more likely to have SEN than their peers. Of those with SEN, a significant proportion will have EHC Plans.

Mental Ill Health

Children in care and previously in care are more likely to experience the challenge of SEMH than their peers. For example, they may struggle with executive functioning skills, forming trusting relationships, social skills, managing strong feelings, sensory processing difficulties, foetal alcohol syndrome and coping with transition or change. This can impact on their behaviour and education. (DfE Feb 2018).

They may also struggle with:

- Emotion regulation
- Peer relationships
- Speech and language delay
- Difficulties with executive function
- Managing the developmental tasks and transitions of childhood

(Syne, Green & Dyer, 2012)

5. Aim

The aim of this policy is to promote educational inclusion for these children and young people to enable them to access the full range of educational opportunities available to them and to reach their potential, both academically and personally.

6. Objectives

Children in Care, Adopted Children and Children under a Special Guardianship Order at Raedwald Trust will:

- receive a level of monitoring and support that is facilitated through joint working with the Virtual School (Suffolk County Council).
- have access to the full range of educational opportunities available to all children who attend the Raedwald Trust.

Teachers and other staff at the Raedwald Trust will:

- receive training on the issues affecting the educational achievement and psychological well-being of these children and young people and use this to guide their interactions with them.
- plan for, and meet, individual needs.

The CIC, Adopted Children and Children under Special Guardianship Order Designated Teacher and Senior Management will:

- identify, arrange and/or deliver training to staff to enable the above to take place
- ensure the development of effective and inclusive strategies to address the needs of these children and young people
- ensure the smooth transfer of information within school, with the home school, carers and other external agencies
- liaise effectively with key stakeholders involved with the child or young person
- work in partnership with carers, parents and others with parental responsibility to ensure that these children and young people receive their educational entitlement.
- ensure that records and plans are kept and maintained appropriately
- provide information to Trustees, Virtual School (Suffolk County Council) and mainstream school about the progress and outcomes of looked after pupils, adopted pupils and pupils under a Special Guardianship Order on the school roll

7. Participation in and co-ordination of review and planning meetings for Children in Care, Adopted Children and Children under a Special Guardianship Order

The senior leadership team will do everything possible to enable appropriate and relevant staff to attend meetings where this would be in the interests of the child or young person.

8. Reporting to Trustees

The CEO will report to the Trust Board through monthly metrics as part of the CEO report:

- The number of Children in Care and Special Guardianship Order pupils in each school
- The attendance of pupils as a discrete group, compared to other pupils

Within the termly SEND report to SEND Trustee:

- A comparison of progress for these children and young people as a group, compared to those of other pupils (pupil indicators)

The Trustees must be satisfied that the school's policies and procedures ensure that Children in Care, Adopted Children and Children under a Special Guardianship Order have equal access to the curriculum, statutory assessments, additional educational support, appropriate pastoral support and extra-curricular/curriculum enrichment activities.

Academy/Site	Designated Teacher	Named Committee Member
Alderwood Academy	Tom Baker	Rob Davison
First Base Bury St Edmunds Academy	Stacey Laws	Rob Davison
First Base Ipswich Academy	Stacey Laws	Rob Davison
Ipswich Hospital School	Kirsty Osborne	Rob Davison
Parkside Academy KS4	Kirsty Osborne	Rob Davison
The Albany Academy	Kirsty Osborne	Rob Davison
St. Christopher's Academy	Kate Kingsford	Rob Davison
Westbridge Academy	Emily Duque	Rob Davison
West Suffolk Hospital School	Kirsty Osborne	Rob Davison

9. Raedwald Trust Traded Services

All children within the Traded Services cohort are on-register with Raedwald Trust and on roll at a mainstream school (or Virtual School) with a Designated Teacher. An on-register pupil is single registered with their home school but on-register (excluded from RT census) with Raedwald Trust to ensure information sharing processes are secure.

RT staff liaise with the mainstream school as applicable. Mainstream schools are responsible for the provision for children in care, however RT traded services progress updates and end of provision pupil reports are often included as part of the Personal Education Plan (PEP) for CiC pupils, coordinated by the mainstream school. This policy should be read in conjunction with 'The designated teacher for children in care and previously in care statutory guidance on their roles and responsibilities' DfE February 2018.