

## **First Base Bury St Edmunds Feedback Policy**

**The purpose of feedback:** To help pupils reflect upon and improve their performance. To help teachers understand how pupils have done in a lesson or task, in order to inform what or how they teach next. To resolve misconceptions and move learning forward.

**Feedback and marking should always be purposeful and should not be onerous.** Teachers should only ever record what is useful for the pupil or for themselves – marking should not be seen as a ‘job on the list’ but an important part of the learning process. Pupils should always, where at all possible, be part of this process to ensure that they understand the feedback that is given and how to act on it.

### **What Ofsted say about marking and feedback:**

*Ofsted recognises that marking and feedback to pupils, both written and oral, are important aspects of assessment. However, Ofsted does not expect to see any specific frequency, type or volume of marking and feedback; these are for the school to decide through its assessment policy. Marking and feedback should be consistent with that policy, which may cater for different subjects and different age groups of pupils in different ways, in order to be effective and efficient in promoting learning. While inspectors will consider how written and oral feedback is used to promote learning, Ofsted does not expect to see any written record of oral feedback provided to pupils by teachers.*

### **The First Base Bury St Edmunds approach:**

In line with findings from the Assessment Commission, feedback at First Base Bury St Edmunds will be delivered in three ways:

1. Immediate feedback – at the point of teaching
2. Summary feedback – at the end of a lesson/task
3. Review feedback – away from the point of teaching (including written comments)

<b>Type of feedback</b>	<b>Possible mechanisms</b>
Immediate feedback	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Includes teacher gathering feedback from teaching, including mini-whiteboards, book work, etc.</li><li>• Takes place in lessons with individuals or small groups Often given verbally to pupils for immediate action may involve use of a teaching assistant to provide support or further challenge</li><li>• May re-direct the focus of teaching or the task</li></ul>
Summary feedback	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Takes place at the end of a lesson or activity</li><li>• Can be delivered to whole groups or classes</li><li>• Evaluates understanding of learning in the lesson</li><li>• Should include element of self-assessment</li><li>• May highlight pupils who require further support or a deeper look at their understanding/misconceptions</li></ul>
Review feedback	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Takes place away from the point of teaching</li><li>• May involve written comments/annotations for pupils to read / respond to</li><li>• Provides teachers with opportunities to assess understanding more deeply</li><li>• Leads to adaptation of future planning</li><li>• May lead to next steps being set for pupils</li></ul>

As part of ongoing planning, and in line with the school's internal assessment approach, teachers will identify what they want pupils to know and be able to do as a result of any teaching or activity. This information will be used to inform whether pupils need further support to grasp or retain a concept or whether they are ready to move on. Every lesson will contain a brief opportunity for an assessment of this, either through a simple practical task (e.g. can you count these beanbags in twos?), through questioning (e.g. how do you know that it is *ai* not *ay*?) or through a short task (e.g. a reasoning problem or some questions for pupils to complete to demonstrate their understanding). Teachers should ensure that these opportunities are given sufficient time and importance within the lesson and this should be a routine part of practice in every aspect of school life.

In addition to this, teachers will support pupils in making simple improvements and corrections to their work through written marking. Some of this may happen collaboratively, while some may happen when teachers mark pupils' work in more detail. This could include:

- Spelling
- Grammar
- Punctuation
- Accuracy of calculations/mathematical processes
- Rephrasing
- Elements of transcription (e.g. orientation on the page, handwriting etc)
- Other aspects of the work that teachers wish to comment on

Where appropriate, teachers will record next steps for pupils on their behaviour and learning plan. The pupils will be given verbal guidance on how to achieve these. All pupils will be given sufficient time and support to self assess and discuss their progress with teachers.

The EEF research shows that feedback can be a very effective strategy for improving outcomes for pupils, when done well. Teachers will use their professional judgement to personalise and adapt the strategy so that it is meaningful and purposeful for every pupil in their class, while maintaining consistency with the school approach.